# Verricelli Verticali Vertical Windlasses

DIESES LANDELCH

COEWALREN

# CONCERNMENT OF STORE MANUALE DI INSTALLAZIONE E D'USO - INSTALLATION AND USER'S MANUAL MANUEL D'INSTALLATION ED D'UTILISATION - MANUAL DE INSTALACIÓN Y USO INSTALLATION UND BEDIENUNG













#### Dear Customer,

Thank you for choosing a Lofrans product. Lofrans is a leader company in the production and worldwide distribution of nautical systems manufactured according to the most modern technologies, in compliance with international regulation requirements and the most important certifying bodies. All our products are manufactured with excellent materials suited for operations in marine environments and are subject to continuous checks to improve the qualitative levels and make them without any manufacturing defects. Together with such requirements, Lofrans anchor windlasses are a synthesis of reliability and efficiency, by guaranteeing the maximum performances during each phase of mooring, even in the most difficult. With a Lofrans product, years of reliable operations are guaranteed.

#### Lofrans ©copyright, 2023. All rights reserved.

Lofrans declines any liability for possible inaccuracies due to print errors in this manual and reserves the right to introduce any changes deemed appropriate. For this reason, Lofrans does not guarantee the accuracy of the manual after the date of issue and declines all liability for possible errors and omissions.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1		_3
	1.1 Purpose of the manual	_3
	1.2 Assistance	_3
	1.3 Receipt and storage	_3
2	SAFETY INFORMATION	3
		-
3	INSTALLATION	_4
	3.1 Contents of the package	_4
	3.2 Equipment necessary for installation	4
	3.3 Recommended accessories	_4
	3.4 General requirements for installation	_4
	3.5 Prevention from electrolysis	_5
	3.6 Deck thickness	_5
	3.7 Deck installation	_5
	3.8 Under deck installation	_5
	3.9 Chain insertion	_6
ΥĒ.	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	_6
1		_6
	4.2 Solenoid valves (Control Box)	
		_6
		_6
	4.5 Wiring diagram	_7
5	USE OF THE ANCHOR WINDLASS	_8
	5.1 Lowering the anchor	_8
	5.1.1 Lowering the anchor electrically	_8
	5.1.2 Lowering the anchor by gravity	9

5.2 Weighing the anchor	9
5.3 Use of the warping drum	10
5.4 Notes for use	10
MAINTENANCE	10
6.1 Maintenance programme	11
6.2 Gipsy maintenance/replacement	11
7 TROUBLESHOOTING	12
B TECHNICAL DATA	15
9 SPARE PARTS	16
10 OVERALL DIMENSIONS	18
11 DRILLING TEMPLATE	19
12 WARRANTY CONDITIONS	20
12.1 Conditions and limits	
12.2 Exceptions	
12.3 Liability	20
12.4 Procedure	20
12.5 Clause of Termination	20
12.6 Compliance	

## PRODUCT COMPLIANT WITH EC REGULATIONS



# **1 INTRODUCTION**

## 1.1 Purpose of the manual

This manual will supply information on safety and correct use of the product. Follow these warnings carefully to avoid possible accidents or damages.

## ▲ DANGER!

A warning such as this indicates the existence of a serious risk that has high probabilities to cause death or a serious accident if appropriate precautions are not taken.

## 

A warning such as this indicates a reference to the application of safety practices, or draws the attention on unsafe behaviours that might cause personal injuries or damages to the boat.

## 1.2 Assistance

The Lofrans products are backed throughout the world by a network of authorised distributors and assistance. In case of need, please contact your local Lofrans s.r.l distributor. Details on website www.lofrans.com.

## 1.3 Receipt and Storage

Upon receipt of the package, verify the integrity of packing. Should it be necessary to store the product for a prolonged period, keep it in a dry and protected place.

# **2 SAFETY INFORMATION**

Safety standards and certifying bodies require peremptorily that, during the standing of the anchor, the load must be held by a chain stopper or a high resistance fixing point. The user is responsible for guaranteeing that during navigation the anchor is properly stowed and fixed. This precaution is more important when the navigation speed is higher and sea conditions are worse. Indeed, an anchor paid out by mistake during navigation can have very serious effects. Considering its position and not always frequent use, the anchor windlass is particularly exposed to oxidation and corrosion risk; therefore, it is necessary to arrange a constant inspection of its parts and a due maintenance. Make sure to have read and understood every part of this manual before proceeding with installation and use. Only persons who know how to operate should be authorised to use the anchor windlass. Should there be doubts on its installation or use, refer always to a skilled consultant.

- · Anchor windlasses used in an inappropriate way can cause damages to persons and/or things.
- · Pay the utmost attention during the use of powerful equipment.
- Even the most careful use can be a source of damages, even serious.
- · Lofrans products are supplied exclusively for recreational nautical use. Lofrans declines all responsibility for improper uses.
- Pay the utmost attention so that arms, legs, fingers, hair, and clothes do not get entangled in the chain or gipsy.
- · Before operating the capstans, make sure that there are no persons in water in the vicinity.
- . When the capstan is not used, the anchor must always be fixed to a solid point in order to avoid damages.
- The anchor windlass must never be used as mooring point. The load must always be held by a specific leaf or solid point.
- The capstan must not be used for functions other than paying out or weighing the anchor. The chain must never be used on the warping drum.
- The system must always be protected by a suitable circuit breaker.
- Disconnect always the circuit through the circuit breaker when the anchor windlass is not in use.



# 3 INSTALLATION

## 3.1 Contents of the package

#### In addition to the present manual, the package contains:

- ✓ Anchor windlass complete with motor reducer
- ✓ Control box (for DC variants)
- ✓ Handle
- ✓ Screws

## 3.2 Equipment necessary for installation

- ✓ Drill
- ✓ 9 mm and 15mm bit for wood and steel
- ✓ 60 mm diameter hollow drill bit
- $\checkmark$  10 mm., 13 mm., and 17 mm. hexagon keys

#### 3.3 Recommended accessories

Use exclusively original Lofrans accessories and spare parts, designed and manufactured to ensure performances, duration and for keeping valid the warranty. For information on available spare parts, contact your local reseller or visit website www.lofrans.com.

#### 3.4 General requirements for installation

In order to operate the anchor windlass correctly, it must be installed to meet the following conditions:



1. Bow roller alignment: the precise alignment of the anchor windlass to the bow roller is essential for the correct operation of the anchor windlass.

2. The parallelism between deck floors must be guaranteed; should it not occur, duly compensate the difference.

3. Chain locker depth: the chain fall into the chain locker must be such that when the chain is completely stored, there must be a minimum of 300 mm. between the underside of the deck and the top of the heaped chain.

4. Bow roller height: it must be such to guarantee a chain inclination lower than 5 degrees.

Non-observance of these requirements will cause the malfunctioning of the anchor windlass and voidance of warranty.

## 3.5 Prevention from electrolysis



For aluminium boats, it is essential that the anchor windlass be insulated from the deck through a non-conductive gasket (not supplied). In addition, it is important that also the anchor and the chain be insulated from the hull, including chain locket and fixing systems.

Without these precautions, the electrolysis phenomenon will lead to a rapid corrosion of the anchor windlass.

#### 3.6 Deck thickness

The area of the deck where the capstan is mounted must be solid and resistant so to be able to support the stresses due to the recovery of the anchor. The series studs allow an admissible range of deck thickness from 25 to 40 mm. Upon request, different deck thicknesses may be provided.

Deck thickness: 25-40mm /0.98-1.57

It is recommended to seal the base of the anchor windlass to the deck

by means of silicone glue. Do not use a permanent glue to fix the

base of the anchor windlass to the deck since this will make difficult

\*Chain Pipe Selection 636312

SX3.5

636313

SX4

636314

SX5

## 3.7 Deck installation





the removal in case of maintenance or intervention.

636311

SX2 & SX3

UK

Chain pipe installation is suggested in order to guide the chain properly aligned to the chain locker and keep windlass efficiency high\*

Note:

Code

for windlass

- 1. Place carefully the drilling template on the deck, by ensuring the correct alignment with the bow.
- Mark and drill as indicated in the figure. Let the edges of the holes sharp, while the edge side of the holes of the chain towards the bow must be smoothed for an angle of 45° degree.
- 3. Clean and place the provided gasket
- 4. Place carefully the upper part

## 3.8 Under deck installation

- 1. Grease the main shaft
- 2. Join the reducer to the upper part by aligning the motor far from the chain hole.
- 3. Screw washers and related nuts to the studs by fastening them appropriately.
- 4. Connect the cables coming from the battery to the electric motor by following the indications of the wiring diagram
- 5. For models up to 1500W the package of the windlass will include an IP cover, which protects the motor from direct water contact and provides the IP67 rating. The IP cover must be installed, in order for the windlass to have a valid warranty.





ATTENTION Always disconnect electrical power to the anchor windlass before carrying out any operation.

## 3.9 Chain insertion

In order to guarantee performances and reliability, it is recommended to use a calibrated chain of the measure corresponding to the gipsy supplied.



) Insert always an articulated joint between the chain and the anchor so that the chain itself does not turn into as spiral.

## 4 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Model	Motor Power	Voltage (V)	Contactor	Cable sizing a	ccording length	of cable (positi	ve + negative)
Woder	(W)	voltage (v)	(A)	0-15 m	0-50 ft	15-25 m	50-75 ft
	1000	12	100	25 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 AWG	35 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 AWG
SX2	1000	24	70	16 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 AWG	25 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 AWG
372	1500	12	125	25 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 AWG	35 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 AWG
	1500	24	70	16 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 AWG	25 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 AWG

## 4.1 Electrical cable section

In order to obtain the maximum performances from the anchor windlass and safeguard the electrical system, it is essential that the anchor windlass be wired with cables of sufficient section as suggested in the table.

## 4.2 Solenoid valves (Control Box)

Place it in a dry place near the capstan.

## 4.3 Circuit breakers

The circuit breakers recommended by Lofrans have an intervention curve and not a simple plate value. The switches selected for each model guarantee the correct operation of the system.

## 4.4 Remote control electric panel board

The remote control electric panel board must be mounted in a comfortable position (such as the deck, the rudder or the cockpit), so that the operator can see the capstan during the manoeuvre. Mount and seal the electric panel board so that the terminals remain in a dry place.



## 4.5 Wiring Diagram







# **5 USE OF THE ANCHOR WINDLASS**

## 5.1 Lowering the anchor

Lowering of the anchor can be carried out through the electric control or by gravity:

## 5.1.1 Lowering the anchor electrically

- 1. Make sure that the clutch is tightened. Disengage all chain fixing devices.
- 2. Activate the safety switch
- 3. Press the DOWN button from the control at your disposal. In this way, the lowering of the chain will be perfectly controllable and the unwinding of the chain regular.
- 4. Once the chain is lowered, deactivate the safety switch.
- 5. Engage the chain fixing devices.

During the use of the anchor windlass, do not change directly from one direction to the other but wait until the anchor windlass stops before manipulating the control into the opposite direction.





Make sure the anchor windlass is not powered before carrying out manual interventions.

### 5.1.2 Lowering the anchor by gravity

- 1. Make sure that the clutch is tightened and then disengage the chain stopper or safety stops.
- 2. Disengage the clutch gradually through the manoeuvre handle. Note: to adjust the descent speed of the chain act, through the handle, on the clutch. By turning it clockwise, the braking speed of the chain will increase (until complete stop), while by turning it anticlockwise, braking will be reduced.
- 3. Fix the chain to a strong point.



By disengaging completely the clutch, the anchor will be lowered at high speed. Consequently, the fast passage of the chain into the hood and bow roller could damage them. It is recommended always to check the speed.

#### 5.2 Weighing the anchor

- 1. Make sure that the hydraulic magnetic circuit breaker is activated.
- 2. Make sure that the clutch is well tightened. Take out the manoeuvre handle from the drum or gipsy.
- 3. Disengage the chain stopper and safety stops.
- 4. Press the UP button from the control at your disposal until the anchor reaches its position inside the bow roller.
- 5. Deactivate the hydraulic magnetic circuit breaker.
- 6. Fix the chain with the chain stopper. In this way a potential damage of the anchor windlass will be avoided as well as unexpected chain releases.



Do not carry out the anchor recovery operation by relying only on the onboard batteries. Start the motor of the boat (or the generator) to obtain the necessary electromotive force.

To safeguard the anchor windlass, the hydraulic magnetic circuit breaker is sized so that it comes into action when the anchor windlass is subjected to higher loads than those for which it has been designed. Should it get released owing to an overload reactivate it again and wait some minutes before operating it; waiting for the operation after an overload is necessary to allow the circuits to cool and recover their functionalities.



The hydraulic magnetic circuit breaker does not protect against an excessive increase in the motor temperature due to a prolonged operation of the anchor windlass. Therefore, give the motor the necessary time to cool, to avoid possible damages to the motor thereof.



## 5.3 Use of the warping drum

The warping drum can be used regardless of the gipsy, to help the mooring manoeuvres.



- 1. Make sure that the anchor is appropriately blocked.
- 2. Insert the manoeuvre handle into the drum and disengage the clutch by turning it clockwise. This operation will make the drum independent of the gipsy.
- 3. Turn clockwise around the drum with three laps of rope.
- 4. By keeping the end of the rope, press the UP button and carry out the mooring manoeuvre.
- 5. Once the manoeuvre is ended, remove the rope from the drum and fasten it to a bollard.
- 6. Deactivate the safety switch.



Always remove the manoeuvre handle when not in use.

#### 5.4 Notes for use

During mooring, the load on the chain can be very high due to current, wind and waves.

Nooring, do not use the anchor windlass as strong point but always use a chain stopper.

📏 If during recovery, the anchor windlass should block, slip or turn into self-protection mode, check the cause before proceeding.

- 1. By paying out the chain, it is necessary to manoeuvre so that the chain is laid down on the seabed without heaping on itself.
- 2. To ease the recovery and not overloading the capstan, steer up in a way that the boat slowly moves on the vertical of the anchor.
- 3. When the anchor is in the vicinity of the bow roller, slow down the recovery to check at best the insertion of the anchor into the seat.



		USE OF THE YA	CHT (MONTHS)	
	LESS THAN 2	FROM 2 UP TO 6	MORE THAN 6	CHARTER
EVERY 3 MONTHS	A-A		A - B	A - B
EVERY 6 MONTHS		A - B		
EVERY 12 MONTHS	A - B - C	С	С	C - D
EVERY 24 MONTHS		D	D	E
EVERY 36 MONTHS	D - E	E	E	



Follow strictly the maintenance programme. Not meeting the maintenance programme will cause forfeiture of the warranty.

Disconnect power to the anchor windlass before any maintenance.

## 6.1 Maintenance programme

- A. Clean all external surfaces and hidden points with fresh water and soft cloth or non abrasive sponge to remove all salt layers. Do not use chlorine, bleach or acid solutions to clean the windlass as this will damage the INOX parts and the seals. Apply metal polish compound and coat all INOX parts to remove oxidation and renew the bright finish of the material.
- B. Grease the rotating parts with yellow marine grease that is non conductive. Particularly, the main shaft threads and clutch cones. Check for evidences of corrosion and mechanical stresses. Apply anti seize grease to the clutch nut and main shaft thread (635490+630661)
- C. Check the terminals of the electric motor. Test the voltage drop at the terminals.
- D. Replace all gaskets.
- E. Remove the anchor windlass from the deck to clean the salt under the base and seal again.

## 6.2 Gipsy maintenance/replacement

- 1. By turning anticlockwise, remove the drum through the manoeuvre handle.
- Remove the 2 M8 screws from the side of the base that connect the stripper and remove it.
- 3. Slip off from the shaft the upper clutch cone, the gipsy, and the lower clutch cone.
- Wash with running water. DO NOT USE WATER UNDER PRESSURE.
- 5. Check that there is no evidence of corrosion or mechanical stresses.
- 6. Reassemble by proceeding in the reverse order, remembering to lubricate threads and all moving parts with grease.



Problem	Possible causes	Solution
<ol> <li>The anchor windlass does not work when a control is operated</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Protection switch in OFF position</li> <li>Lack of voltage in the system</li> <li>Failure of the control box</li> <li>Failure of the control</li> <li>Failure of the electric motor</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>1.1 Check the protection switch and set it in the ON position</li> <li>1.2 Check the charge status of the battery, check connections</li> <li>1.3 Check and possibly replace the control box</li> <li>1.4 Check and possibly replace the control</li> <li>1.5 Measure the electric motor voltage; if it is OK, check the brushes and clean them. If it does not work, replace the electric motor</li> </ol>
2. The chain jams frequently	<ul> <li>2.1 The chain locker is not deep enough with respect to the quantity of chain chosen</li> <li>2.2 The chain is not suitable for the gipsy</li> <li>2.3 The chain is not calibrated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1 Position the anchor windlass in the deepest point of the chain locker or reduce the quantity of chain</li> <li>2.2 Change the gipsy</li> <li>2.3 Check the chain: if it does not meet the tolerances, it must be replaced</li> </ul>
3. The anchor windlass turns slowly	<ul> <li>3.1 Unsuitable cable sections</li> <li>3.2 Deck floors not parallel</li> <li>3.3 Bad electrical connections</li> <li>3.4 Dirty brushes</li> <li>3.5 Water infiltrations in the electric motor</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Increase cable section</li> <li>3.2 Make floors parallel by interposing thicknesses</li> <li>3.3 Check connections</li> <li>3.4 Clean brushes</li> <li>3.5 Replace the electric motor</li> </ul>

# 7 TROUBLESHOOTING





Problem	Possible causes	Solution
<ol> <li>The electric engine runs but the shaft does not rotate either Up or Down</li> </ol>	<ul><li>4.1 Heavy wear or breakage of teeth of the crown / worm screw.</li><li>4.2 Breakage of the engine spindle.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>4.1 (SERVICE) Uninstall the winch and replace the broken parts. Check out carefully that pieces or splinters of broken parts did not enter into the oil circuit and have ruined other mechanical parts. (*)</li> <li>4.2 (SERVICE) Replacing of the engine. Care must be taken that the broken part did not remain in the hole of the worm screw. (*)</li> <li>(*) Take advantage of this opportunity to replace any other worn parts, especially gaskets, screws, tabs, seeger, and oil.</li> </ul>
5. The electric engine runs, the shaft rotates Up, but does not rotate Down	<ul> <li>5.1 The chain locker is tangled; therefore, the emergency mechanism becomes operative.</li> <li>5.2 The chain is of poor quality with burrs and zinc deposits that do not allow the free flow of the links; therefore, the emergency mechanism becomes operative.</li> <li>5.3 The chain was placed in the locker in block and the links are stuck with each other; therefore, the emergency mechanism becomes operative.</li> <li>5.4 Wear of the emergency mechanism of the spring control.</li> <li>5.5 The chain stripper interferes with the gypsy: it is possible to weigh the operation, while to lower, the emergency mechanism becomes operative.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.1 Check out that immediately after the anchor there is a joint that allows the chain to unfold properly when weighed.</li> <li>5.2 Remove the chain from the locker and inspect it link by link. Intervene with the appropriate tools to make it as loose as possible and free of obstructions.</li> <li>5.3 Lower manually all the chain in a sea bed deep enough to enable it to unfold properly. Retrieve it with the winch.</li> <li>5.4 A (SERVICE) Uninstall the winch from the boat and disassemble it into its parts by replacing the spring. Take advantage of this opportunity to replace any other worn parts, gaskets, screws, tabs, seeger, and oil.</li> <li>B (SERVICE) It is possible to block the EMERGENCY MECHANISM so that the gears are always engaged both in UP and in Down. This operation must be authorized by the shipowner. The solution rules out completely the possibility of carrying out the emergency operation.</li> <li>5.5 Restore the condition of the chain stripper by repositioning properly in the gypsy centreline. If it is deformed. It must be replaced.</li> </ul>
6. The electric engine runs but it cannot be bell warped.	6.1 The bell warp is being used wrongly; therefore, the emer- gency mechanism becomes operative	<b>6.1</b> To carry out the warping operation the main shaft must run in the same rotation direction of the winch gypsy when it weighs the chain.
7. The winch cannot be weighed: the electric engine runs, the shaft runs, but the gypsy is still	<ul> <li>7.1 The gypsy is not closed on the clutch cones and slips under the load effect, or for some reason the closing wheel is at end stroke. Check out all pieces in sequence.</li> <li>7.2 The clutch cones or the gypsy cones are deformed and the clutch hubs are in contact and prevent closure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>7.1 Check out clutch tightening. If necessary, measure the parts and check out possible deformations. It is possible to add some thickness to stem the problem. Then replace the damaged parts.</li> <li>7.2 Replace the clutch and/or the gypsy</li> </ul>

## www.lofrans.com



Problem	Possible causes	Solution
8. The shaft does not run well, is not aligned, and so is the gypsy and/or the bell.	<b>8.1</b> The shaft bent because the winch was subjected to an excessive load.	<b>8.1</b> Check out that the procedures of use fall within the specifications of the winch. <b>(SERVICE)</b> Uninstall the winch and replace the shaft. Take this opportunity to replace worn parts, gaskets, seeger, tabs and oil.
<b>9.</b> Loss of oil between the engine and the gearbox body	<b>9.1</b> The coupling of the engine is loose and causes the worm screw into an irregular rotation, leading to loss of oil from the gasket.	<b>9.1 (SERVICE)</b> Find the reasons why the screws or nuts have become loose. Uninstall the engine and check out the status of the spindle and the hole of the worm screw. If an oval form of the cylindrical part of the screw is observed (outer hole and diameter) uninstall the winch and repair the damaged parts on the bench. Check out if the oil has entered into the electrical engine. Take this opportunity to replace all gaskets, tabs, seeger, screws, oil, and any worn parts.
<b>10.</b> On installation, it is found that the shaft and the studs are short for a correct coupling with the gearbox.	<b>10.1</b> The request referred to the deck thickness was wrong.	<b>10.1</b> If the key shaft works in the gearbox along all its length, the fixing studs can be adapted. Otherwise, a longer shaft must be requested.
<b>11.</b> The winch runs slowly and at times jumps the circuit breaker.	<ul> <li>11.1 Section of cables not suitable.</li> <li>11.2 Poor electrical connections.</li> <li>11.3 Dirty brushes.</li> <li>11.4 Water leaks in the electrical engine.</li> <li>11.5 There is no parallelism between upper deck and below deck.</li> <li>11.6 The gearbox has lost oil.</li> <li>11.7 The engine strains in one or both directions.</li> <li>11.8 The winch works only in one direction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>11.1 Increase the cable section</li> <li>11.2 Check out the connections</li> <li>11.3 Clean the brushes</li> <li>11.4 Replace the electrical engine</li> <li>11.5 Work surfaces and/or add shims to restore parallelism.</li> <li>11.6 (SERVICE) Uninstall the gearbox and check out its condition. Replace damaged parts after discovering the causes of the leak. Also, replace gaskets and screws. Check out also the engine condition, which may have been damaged during the malfunction.</li> <li>11.7 (SERVICE) Check out appropriately all connections of the power cables. If they are alright, uninstall the engine (in some cases it is convenient to disassemble also the gearbox). Check out and possibly replace the brushes.</li> <li>11.8 Check out on the control box that between B2-C and B3-C contacts there are 12/24V when the respective buttons are pressed. If this should happen and one of the relays does not work, replace the control box.</li> </ul>
<b>12.</b> The finger is broken	<b>12.1</b> Poor layout of the cable top or rolling of the chain has broken the finger. Check out the suitability of the gypsy to work with the finger.	<ul><li>12.1 Replace the finger.</li><li>12.2 In the event that the gypsy cannot work properly with the finger, position the replacement kit (cap).</li></ul>



# 8 TECHNICAL DATA

Motor Power	100	00W	150	W
Vessel Lenght Heavy Duty (ft)	35	-45	40-	-50
Vessel Lenght Light Duty (ft)	45	-50	50-	-55
Power Supply	12V	24V	12V	24V
Maximum linear Load/Pull (Kg /lb)	1000 / 2205	1060 / 2337	1200 / 2645	1270 / 2800
Max Lift Working Load (Kg /lb)	150 / 331	160 / 352	165 / 364	175 / 386
Amps Work Load (A)	135	70	150	75
Max Line Speed (mt./min. / ft/min.)	40 / 131	40 / 131	40 / 131	40 / 131
Line Speed (mt./min. / ft/min.)	20 / 66	23 / 75	17 / 56	19 / 62
Net weight with Drum (Kg /lb)	20 / 44	24 / 53	25 / 55	25 / 55
Net weight Low Profile (Kg /lb)	19 / 42	23 / 51	24 / 53	24 / 53

Gipsy	6n	nm		8m	ım		10	mm	10 DI	N 766
Chain auronautad	6mm	6mm	8mm	8mm	5/16"	5/16"	10mm	3/8"	10mm	3/8"
Chain supported	ISO	DIN 766	ISO	DIN 766	G4	BBB	ISO	G4	DIN 766	BBB



**9 SPARE PARTS** 





	SX2	
ltem	Description	Q.ty
226	Washer for M8 screw	4
227	Nut M8	4
255	Key 6x6x25	2
272	Handle	1
278	Seal 25-47-7	1
280	Circlip 25 Din 471	2
284	key 8x7x60	1
304	Seal 40-55-7	2
307	Spring washer for M6 screw	2
308	Washer for M6 screw	2
309	Bearing 6203	1
311	Thrust Bearing 51105	1
312	Circlip 43 Din 472	1
313	Seal 25-43-8	1
314	Key 5x5x15	1
351	Hd cap screw M6X20	6
550	Ring	1
870	Bearing 6008	2
915	Cone clutch	2
920	Gearcase - upper	1
921	O Ring 4375	1
922	Sleeve	1
923	Washer	1
924	Spring	1
925	Dog clutch	1
926	Wormwheel	1
927	Circlip 40 Din 471	2
950	Circlip 47 Din 472	1
964	Magnet	1
965	Sensor	1
966	Bearing 6005 2RS	1
1243	O Ring 2287	1
1304	Complete motor cover kit	1
1305	O Ring 2375	1
1306	PG13	3
1307	Gearcase - lower	1
1308	Worm	1
1244a	Electric Motor 1000W 12V	1
1244b	Electric Motor 1000W 24V	1
1250a	Electric Motor 1500W 12V	1
1250b	Electric Motor 1500W 24V	1

	SX2	
Item	Description	Q.ty
292a	Stud M8x75	4
916a	Gipsy chain 06101	1
916b	Gipsy chain 08101	1
916c	Gipsy chain 10101	1
916d	Gipsy chain 10102	1
917a	Main shaft with drum	1
919a	Main shaft without drum	1
2021	BASE SX2	1
2022	STRIPPER SX2	1
2023	GYPSY CAP SX2	1
2024	DRUM SX2	1
2025	M8 STRIPPER BOLTS	2
2026	ANELLO DI TENUTA 35-45-7	1
2027	VOLANTINO X2 #956 CRO	1
2		







UK



**11 DRILLING TEMPLATE** 

DATE 17/7/2019 in Se No. 3 9/16inch 90mm This drawing is our property and it is confidential. It cannot be reproduced or communicated whould our writen agreement. Desergi dimension - Class or allowances UNI NO 22708 - m The proce must be free from sharp degree and shools 빌쮶 MATAKOS G. DRILLING TEMPLATE 2 3/8inch 11 DOME 60mm 0 2 1/16inch Des. 52mm SV2 DRILLING TEMPLATE Overall Dimension Cutout Line 18 1 3/4inch REVISION M) 45mm 3/8inch 9/16inch SAP CODE-PART NUMBER 15mm WATERIAL MEIGHT 25 10 9mm ŋ .06 é Q 000 4-00 A+/ Test Line Test Line 2 i nch chain line chain line FORWARD PRUA 50mm ω 97 SÞ m 4 Т



# **12 WARRANTY CONDITIONS**

Lofrans guarantees that in a normal use and by meeting the maintenance programmes, the anchor windlass is covered by a warranty for a period of **3 years** from the date of purchase by the ultimate user, subject to the conditions, limitations, and exceptions listed hereunder. Any product that proves to be defective in a normal use during this period will be repaired or replaced at the choice of Lofrans.

### 12.1 Conditions and limits

- Lofrans liability will be limited to the repair or replacement of all parts of the product that show material or processing defects.
- Lofrans is not liable for the wrong choice of the anchor windlass by the purchaser.
- Lofrans will not be liable in any whatsoever manner for failures, or any consequent damage deriving from:
  - use of the anchor windlass in an application for which it was not designed or envisaged;
  - corrosion, degradation by UV rays and wear;
  - non-observance of the maintenance plan;
  - wrong or unsuitable installation of the product;
  - any modification or alteration of the product;
  - conditions of use beyond the specifications and the performances of the product:
  - Except for different directives given directly by Lofrans, any product subject to a warranty request must be returned to Lofrans, which will analyse the problem.
  - The warranty does not cover the accessory costs met for interventions, removal, transport, and installation of the product;
  - Maintenance carried out by persons not authorised by Lofrans will invalidate this warranty;
  - The Lofrans products are intended to be used only in a marine environment. Lofrans is not liable should these products be used differently.

### 12.2 Exceptions

The cover under warranty of the following components is limited to a period of one year from the date of purchase by the ultimate user:

- Electric motors and related electric equipment
- Electronic controls
- Hydraulic pumps, valves, and actuators
- Gaskets and seals
- Products used on charter boats.

## 12.3 Liability

The liability of Lofrans on this warranty is intended dependant on meeting the regulations and laws in force.

Lofrans is not liable for any other kind, such as:

- Any loss of turnover, advances, or direct or indirect profits, or any other financial loss;
- Damages, costs or expenses payable to third parties;
- Damages to yachts or equipment;
- Death or personal injuries (unless caused by negligence of Lofrans). Certain States and Countries do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, therefore the aforementioned limitations or exclusions might not be applicable.

## 12.4 Procedure

Every request for intervention under warranty will be made promptly and in writing by the ultimate user to the local Lofrans assistance centre.

## 12.5 Clause of termination

If any whatsoever clause of this warranty will be invalidated by a Judge or other competent authority, the validity of the remaining clauses of this warranty and the rest of the clause in question will not be affected.

## 12.6 Compliance

This warranty is governed by the laws and in compliance with the Italian Laws or the State or Country in which the ultimate user is domiciled at the time of purchase of the product.

